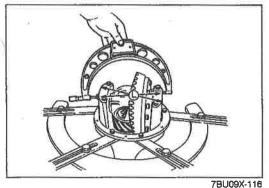
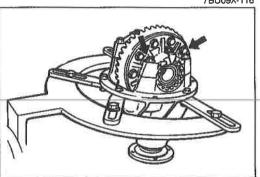
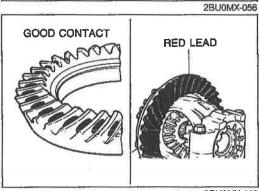
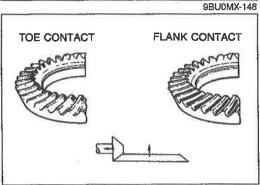
STEERING SYSTEM

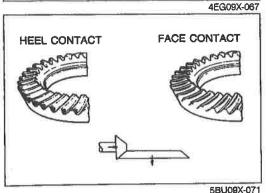
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	IONX-O	











(4) After adjusting the backlash, tighten the adjustment screws equally until the distance between both pilot sections on the bearing caps becomes the standard distance (L).

Standard distance

M-size differential:

185.43—185.50mm (7.3004—7.3031 ln)

P-size differential:

204.43—204.50mm (8.0484—8.0512 in)

Note

When adjusting the differential bearing preload, be careful not to affect the backlash of the drive pinion gear and ring gear.

(5) Tighten the bearing cap bolts to the specified torque.

Tightening torque

M-size differential:

37-52 N-m (3.8-5.3 m-kg, 27-38 ft-lb)

P-size differential:

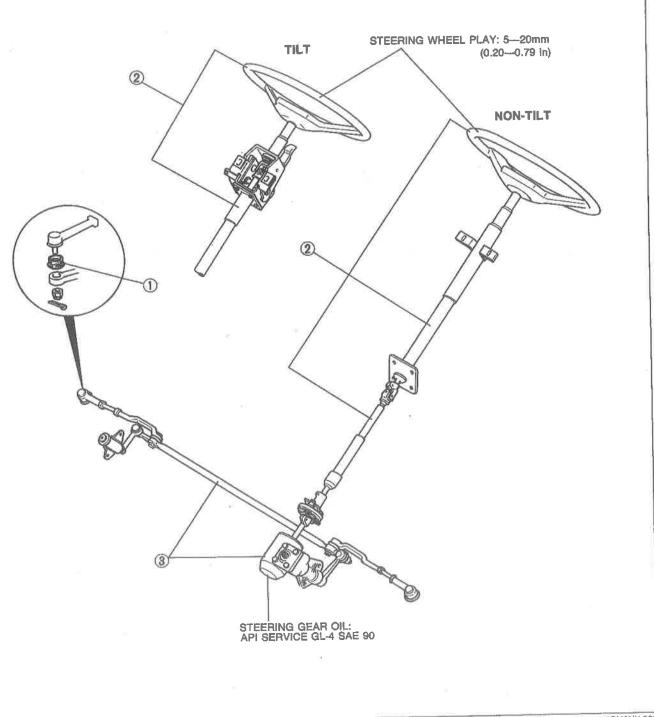
73—107 N·m (7.4—10.9 m-kg, 54—79 ft-lb)

- 21. The inspection and adjustment procedure is as follows:
 - (1) Coat both surfaces of 6—8 teeth of the ring gear uniformly with a thin coat of red lead.
 - (2) While moving the ring gear back and forth by hand, rotate the drive pinion several times and check the tooth contact.
 - (3) If the tooth contact is correct, wipe off the coating of red lead.
 - (4) If it is not correct, adjust the pinion height and then the backlash.
 - (a) Toe-and-flank contact
 Replace the spacer with a thinner one, and move the drive pinion outward.

(b) Heel-and-face contact Replace the spacer with a thicker one, and bring the drive pinion in closer.

INDEX

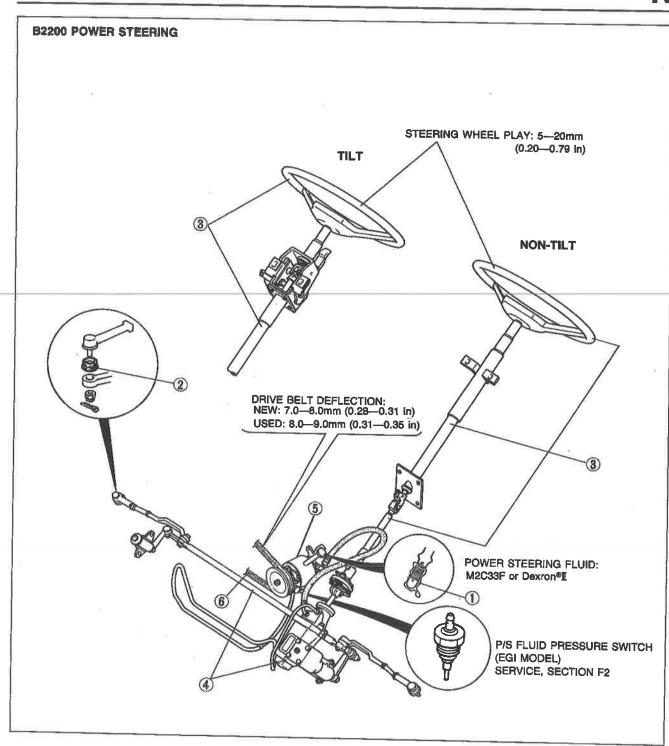
B2200 MANUAL STEERING



OBUONX-002

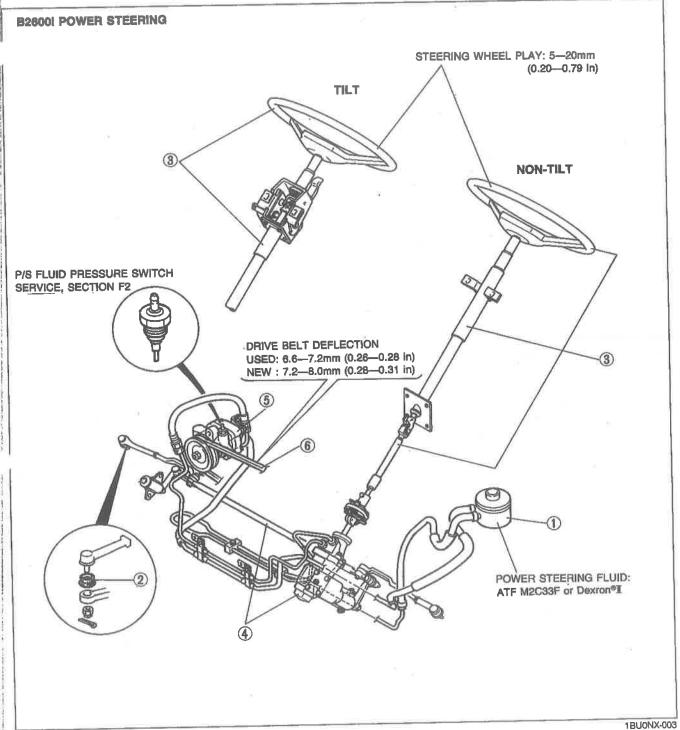
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3. Steering gear and linkage		N 40
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1.	Power steering fluid			
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4. Steering gear and linkage		
Removal, Inspection, and		
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5. Oil pump		
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3. Steering wheel and column	N. 04
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4. Steering gear and linkage Removal, Inspection, and
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5. Oil pump Removal and Installation page N-2
Disassembly, Inspection, and Assemblypage N-3
6. Drive belt Inspection and Adjustment page N-3

OUTLINE

SPECIFICATIONS

Model		B22	200	B2600i
Item		Manual	Power	Power
Steering wheel	Outer diameter mm (in)		380 (14.96)	
Otoching Wilesi	Lock-to-lock turns			.5
Steering shaft and joint	Shaft type	Collapsible, non-tilt or tilt		
	Joint type	Cross-joint and rubber coupling		
	Tilt stroke mm (in)	68 (2.68)		
Steering gear	Туре	Ball nut		
Gear ratio		2125 : 1		3:1
Oil	Туре	API service GL-4 SAE 90		
	Capacity* liters (US qt, Imp qt)	0.34 (0.36, 0.30)	0.80 (0.85, 0.70)	1.20 (1.27, 1.06)
Power steering Assist type			Engine speed sensing	

^{*} Power steering: complete system

2BU0NX-001

MANUAL STEERING

PREPARATION

49 1243 785 Installer, dust boot	49 0118 850C Puller, ball joint	49 0223 695E Puller, pitman arm
49 1391 580 Wrench, locknut	49 UB39 585A Adjust wrench	49 0180 510B Attachment, steering worm bearing preload measurement

2BU0NX-029

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page	
Steering "heavy"	Poor lubrication of or foreign material in steering ball joints Poor lubrication of or foreign material in upper or lower arm ball joints Stuck or damaged steering ball joints Stuck or damaged upper or lower arm ball joints Improperly adjusted steering worm shaft preload Damaged steering gear Malfunctioning steering shaft joint Improperly adjusted wheel alignment Malfunctioning steering gear Incorrect tire pressures Insufficient oil in steering gear box	Lubricate or replace Lubricate or replace Replace Replace Adjust Replace Replace Adjust Repair or replace Adjust Lubricate	N- 7 Section R N- 7 Section R N-16 N-12 N-10 Section R N-12 Section Q N-12	
Steering wheel effort uneven	Malfunctioning steering gear Steering shaft contacting something Steering linkage not operating smoothly	Repair or replace Repair or replace Repair or replace	N-12 N-10 N-12	

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (Cont'd)

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Excessive steering wheel play	Improperly adjusted front wheel bearing preload Worn steering gear Worn or damaged steering shaft joints Loose gear box mounting bolts Improperly adjusted steering gear backlash	Adjust Replace Replace Tighten Adjust	Section M N-12 N-10 N-12 N-17
Steering wheel pulls to one side	Deformed steering linkage Incorrect tire pressures Unevenly worn tires Weakened front spring Worn or damaged stabilizer Dragging brake Deformed knuckle arm Improperly adjusted wheel alignment Improperly adjusted front wheel bearing preload	Replace Adjust Replace Replace Replace Repair Replace Adjust Adjust	N-12 Section Q Section R Section R Section M Section R Section M
Poor steering wheel return	Incorrect tire pressures Stuck or damaged steering ball joints Stuck or damaged upper or lower arm ball joints Improperly adjusted front wheel alignment Improperly adjusted steering worm shaft preload Steering shaft contacting something	Adjust Replace Replace Adjust Adjust Repair or replace	Section Q N- 7 Section R Section R N-16 N-10
General Instability while driving	Deformed steering linkage Incorrect tire pressures Damaged or unbalanced wheel Worn or damaged steering shaft joints Improperly adjusted steering worm shaft preload Weakened front spring Worn or damaged stabilizer Malfunctioning shock absorber Improperly adjusted wheel alignment Improperly adjusted wheel bearing preload	Replace Adjust Adjust or replace Replace Adjust Replace Replace Replace Replace Adjust Adjust Adjust	N-12 Section Q Section Q N-10 N-16 Section R Section R Section R Section R Section M
"Shimmy" occurs (Steering wheel vibrates left/right)	Deformed steering linkage Loose gear box mounting bolts Stuck or damaged steering ball joints Stuck or damaged upper or lower arm ball joints Excessive tire and wheel runout Loose lug nuts Unbalanced wheel Incorrect tire pressures Unevenly worn tires Malfunctioning shock absorber Loose shock absorber mounting bolts Cracked or worn suspension bushings Damaged or worn front wheel bearing Improperly adjusted front wheel alignment	Replace Tighten Replace Replace Replace Tighten Adjust or replace Adjust Replace Replace Tighten Replace Adjust Replace Adjust	N-12 N-12 N- 7 Section R Section Q Section Q Section R Section R Section R Section R Section R Section R
Abnormal noise from steering system	Improperly adjusted steering gear box backlash Loose steering gear box Malfunction inside steering gear Obstruction near steering column Loose steering linkage Worn steering shaft joints	Adjust Tighten Replace Repair or replace Tighten or replace Replace	N-17 N-12 N-12 - N-12 N-10

BOOT

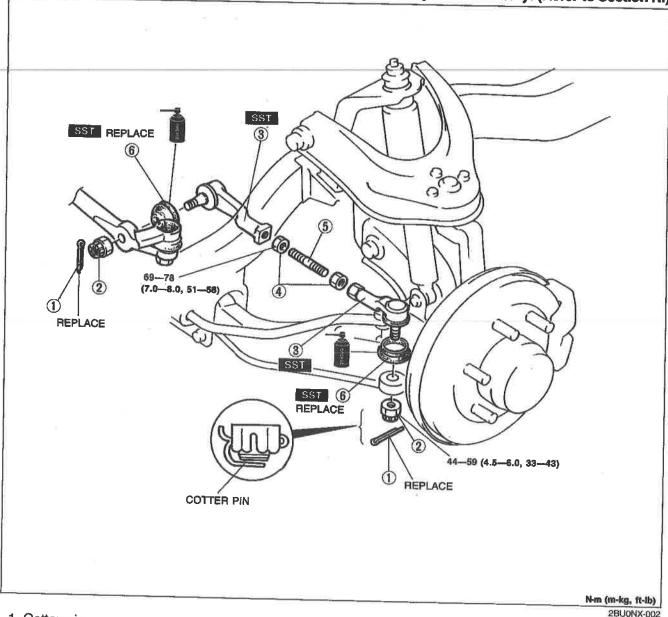
Replacement

- 1. Loosen the wheel lug nuts.
- 2. Jack up the front of the vehicle and support it with safety stands.
- 3. Remove the wheel.
- 4. Remove the ball joint boot in the order shown in the figure, referring to Removal Note.
- 5. Install a new boot in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.
- 6. Install the wheel.

Tighten torque: Non-styled wheel 88-118 N·m (9-12 m-kg, 65-87 ft-lb) Styled wheel 118-147 N·m (12-15 m-kg, 87-108 ft-lb)

Note

After replacement, check the turning angle and toe-in and adjust if necessary. (Refer to Section R.)



1. Cotter pin

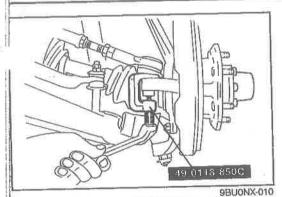
2. Nut

3. Ball joint (Inner or outer) Removal Notepage N-8

4. Locknut

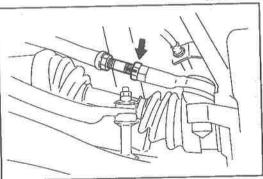
5. Tie rod

6. Ball joint boot (Inner or outer)

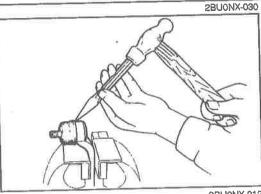
Removal Note page N-8 Installation Note...... page N-8 

Removal note Ball joint (inner or outer)

1. With the nut protecting the ball joint stud, separate the ball joint from the steering knuckle or from the center link with the SST.

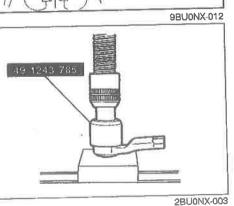


- 2. Mark the locknut and the tie-rod for reference during instal-
- 3. Loosen the locknut and remove the ball joint from the tie rod.



Ball joint boot (Inner or outer)

Secure the ball joint in a vise. Place a chisel against the boot and hold it at the angle shown. Remove the boot by tapping with a hammer.



Caution

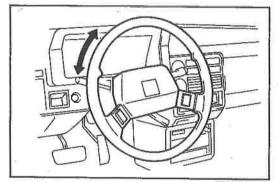
Be careful not to scar the area where the boot attaches to the ball joint.

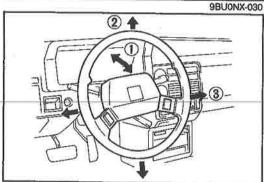
installation note Ball joint boot (Inner or outer)

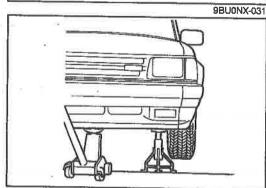
1. Wipe away the grease on ball stud.

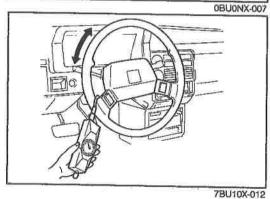
2. Put a small amount of grease (lithium base, NLGI No.2) into the new boot and set it onto the ball joint. Press the boot onto the ball joint with the SST.

3. Wipe away any grease that has been expelled from the boot.









STEERING WHEEL AND COLUMN On-vehicle inspection Steering wheel play

With the wheels in the straight-ahead position, gently turn the steering wheel to the left and right to determine if play is within specification.

Play: 5-20mm (0.20-0.79 in)

Note

If play exceeds specification, either the steering joints are worn or the backlash of the steering gear is excessive.

Looseness or play of steering wheel

Move the steering wheel in directions ①, ②, and ③ to check for column bearing wear, steering shaft joint play, steering wheel looseness, and column looseness.

Steering wheel effort

 Jack up the vehicle and support vehicle with safety stands.
 Move the steering wheel to put the wheels in the straightahead position.

2. Measure the steering wheel effort by connecting a pull scale to the outer circumference of the steering wheel.

Steering wheel effort: 5—20 N (0.5—2.0 kg, 1—5 lb)

[during one turn of the steering wheel]

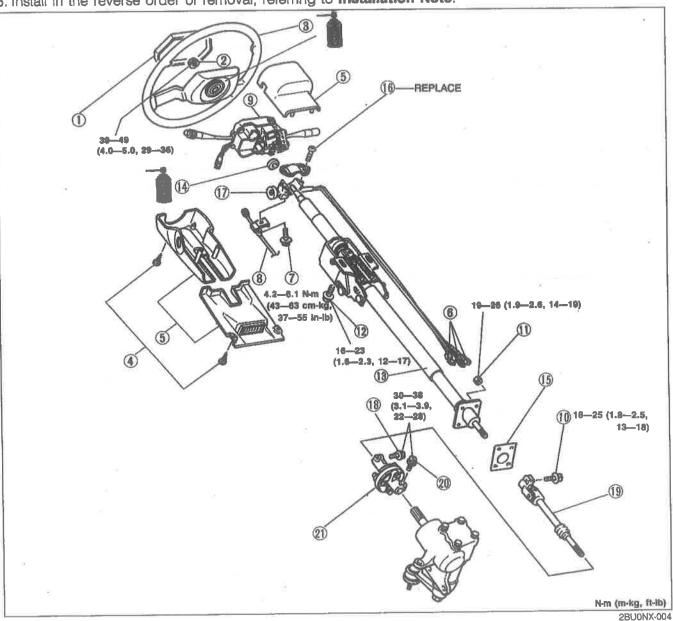
Note

Measure after turning the steering wheel to the left and right 5 times or more.

3. If the measured effort exceeds specification, check the following: rotation-starting torque of the pinion, rotation torque of each ball joint, and seizure of each joint.

Removal, Inspection, and Installation

- 1. Remove in the order shown in the figure, referring to Removal Note.
- 2. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.



- 1. Horn cover
- 2. Locknut
- 3. Steering wheel Removal Note page N-11

- 4. Screws
- 5. Column cover
- 6. Combination switch connectors
- 7. Bolt (A/T)
- 8. Key-inter-lock cable (A/T)
- 9. Combination switch
- 10. Bolt
- 11. Nuts
- 12. Bolts
- 13. Steering shaft assembly Inspection.....page N-11

- 14. Bearing
- 15. Dust cover
- 16. Bolts

17.	Steering	lock	assembly
	D	1 1.1	

Removal Note page N-11 Inspection..... page N-11 Installation Note.....page N-11

- 18. Bolt
- 19. Intermediate shaft

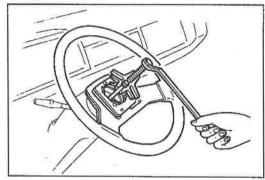
Inspection..... page N-11

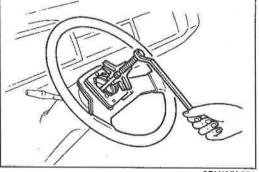
20. Bolt

21. Rubber coupling

Inspection..... page N-11

Removal note Steering wheel

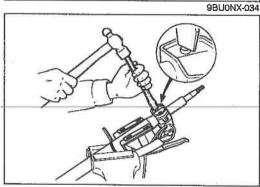




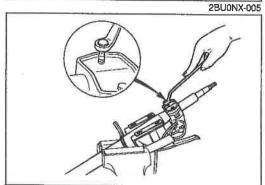
Do not try to remove the steering wheel by hitting the shaft with a hammer. The column will collapse.

Remove the steering wheel with a suitable puller.





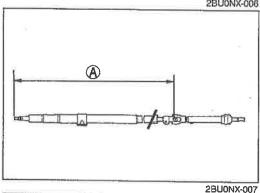
Use a chisel to make a groove in the head of each steering lock installation bolts. Remove the bolts with a screwdriver; then remove the steering lock assembly.



Installation note Steering lock assembly

Install the steering lock assembly on the jacket. Install steering lock installation new bolts, and tighten them until the heads break off.

2BU0NX-006



Inspection

Check for the following and repair or replace as necessary. 1. Dimensions of steering shaft

Standard dimensions (A): 833.8 ± 1.0 mm (32.8 ± 0.04 in)

- 2. Operation of intermediate shaft joint
- 3. Worn of rubber coupling.

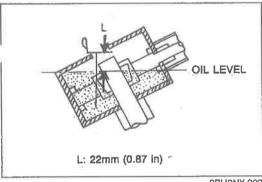
4. Steering lock assembly (Automatic transmission only) Verify that the cable connector does not move when the key is in the LOCK position and that it moves freely with the key in other positions.



Steering wheel

With the wheel into straight-ahead position.





2BU0NX-009

STEERING GEAR AND LINKAGE On-vehicle Inspection Steering gear oil level

- 1. Remove the oil filler port plug.
- 2. Prepare a simple wire dipstick.
- 3. Insert the dipstick through the oil filler port.
- 4. Pull out the dipstick and measure the L dimension. Add the specified gear oil if necessary.

Standard L dimension: 22mm (0.87 in) Specified gear oil: API service GL-4 SAE 90

5. Install the oil filler port plug.

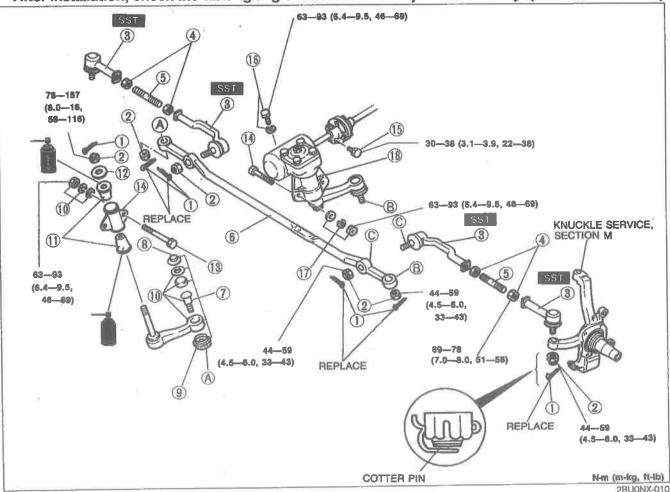
Removal, Inspection, and Installation

- 1. Loosen the wheel lug nuts.
- 2. Jack up the front of the vehicle and support it with safety stands.
- 3. Remove the wheels.
- 4. Remove in the order shown in the figure, referring to **Removal Note**.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal.
- 6 Install the wheel.

Tightening torque: Non-styled wheel 88—118 N·m (9—12 m-kg, 65—87 ft-lb) Styled wheel 118—147 N·m (12—15 m-kg, 87—108 ft-lb)

7. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.

Note After installation, check the turning angle and toe-in and adjust if necessary. (Refer to Section R.)



MANUAL STEERING

- 1. Cotter pin
- 2. Nut
- 3. Ball joint

Removal Note...... page N-8, 13 Check for damage or poor operation

- 4. Locknut
- 5. Tie rod
- 6. Center link

Check for damage or cracks

7. Idler arm assembly

Check for damage or poor operation

- 8. Idler cap
- 9. Ball joint dust seal

- 10. Idler arm
- 11. Washer
- 12. Rubber bushing

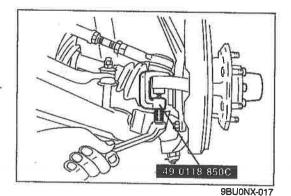
Check for wear or damage

- 13. Bolts, nuts, and washers
- 14. Idler arm bracket
- 15. Bolt
- 16. Bolt and washer
- 17. Bolts, nuts, and washers
- 18. Steering gear assembly

Disassembly, Inspection, and

Assembly..... page N-14

2BU0NX-011



Ball joint, pitman arm, and idler arm

Removal note

With the SST, separate the ball joint from the knuckle and from the center link (\bigcirc — \bigcirc), the pitman arm from the center link (\bigcirc — \bigcirc), and the idler arm from the center link (\bigcirc — \bigcirc).

Disassembly, Inspection, and Assembly

1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to Disassembly Note.

2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.

3. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.

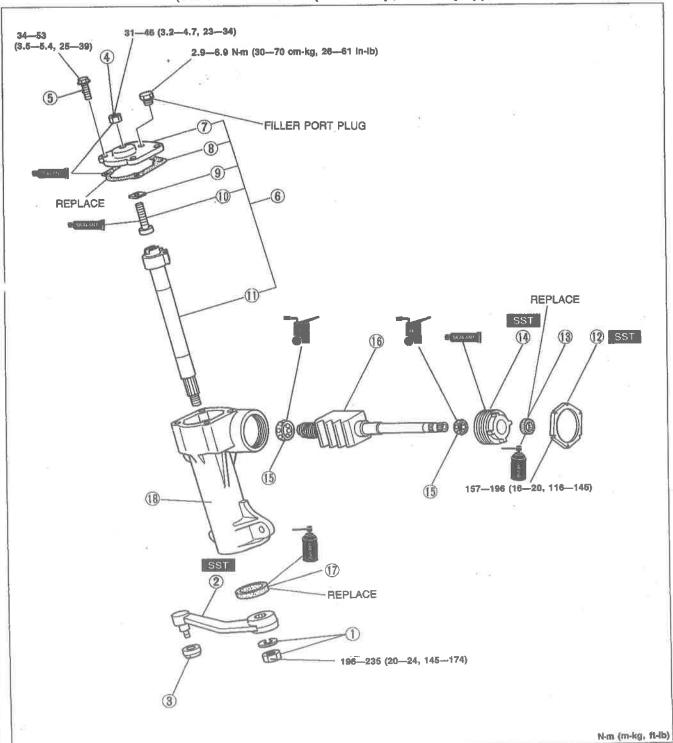
Note

a) Before disassembling, clean thoroughly and drain the gear oil through the filler port.

b) After assembly, fill the gear box with gear oil.

Gear oil specification: API Service GL-4, SAE 90

{Amount: 0.34 liter (0.36 US qt, 0.30 imp qt)}



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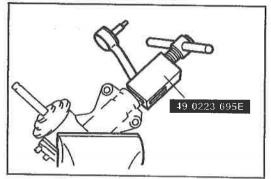
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MANUAL STEERING

1. Nut and washer	
2. Pitman arm	
Disassembly Noteb	elow
Check for damage or cracks	
3. Dust boot	
Check for wear or damage	
4. Locknut	
5. Bolts	
6. Sector shaft assembly	
Disassembly Note b	elow
Assembly Notepage N	I - 16
7. Side cover	
8. Gasket	
9. Adjustment shim	
10. Adjusting screw	

Check for damage or deformation

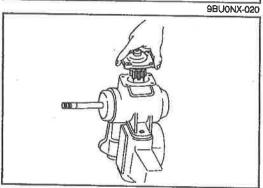
12. Locknut
Disassembly Notebelow
13. Oil seal
14. Adjusting nut
Disassembly Note page N-16
15. Bearing
Check for sticking, abnormal noise, or poor operation
16. Worm ball nut assembly
Check for poor rotation or play in axial direction
17. Oil seal
18. Gear housing
Check for damage or deformation



11. Sector shaft

Disassembly note Pitman arm

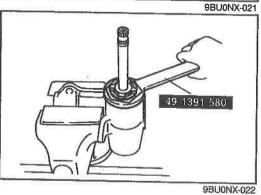
Separate the pitman arm from the gear box with the SST.



Sector shaft assembly
1. Set the sector shaft in the center position.

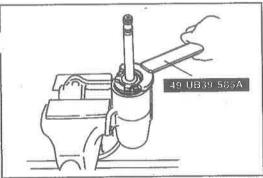
2. Tap the lower portion of the sector shaft with a plastic hammer to loosen the shaft.

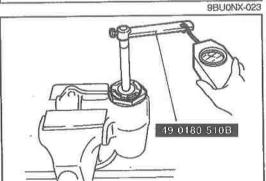
3. Lift the sector shaft assembly out of the gear housing.

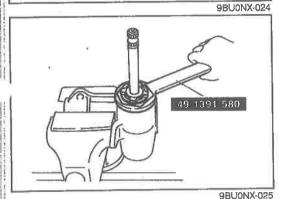


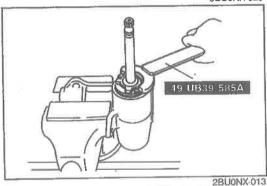
Locknut

Remove the locknut with the SST.











9BU0NX-027

Adjusting nut

Remove the adjusting nut with the SST.

Assembly note Worm shaft preload Inspection

Measure the worm shaft preload with the **SST** and a pull scale before the sector shaft is installed.

Worm shaft preload (without sector shaft)
Pull scale reading: 3—6 N (0.3—0.6 kg, 0.7—1.3 lb)

Adjustment

1. Loosen the locknut with the SST.

2. Turn the adjusting nut with the SST.

3. Tighten the locknut to the specified torque with the **SST** used in Step 1.

Locknut tightening torque: 157—196 N·m (16—20 m-kg, 116—145 ft-lb)

Sector shaft assembly

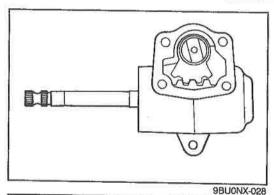
- 1. Set the adjusting screw and the adjustment shim in the T groove.
- 2. Measure the clearance in the axial direction.
- If the clearance exceeds specification, adjust it with available adjustment shims supplied in the adjustment shim kit.

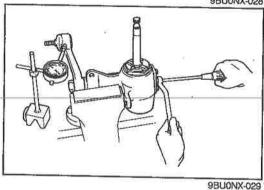
Clearance in axial direction:

0-0.1mm (0-0.004 in)

Available adjustment shims:

- 1.97mm (0.077 in), 2.00mm (0.079 in),
- 2.03mm (0.079 in), 2.06mm (0.081 in),
- 2.09mm (0.082 ln)





 After making the clearance adjustment, install the sector shaft assembly so that the sector shaft and the ball nut are centered.

5. Check the worm shaft preload.

Worm shaft preload (after sector shaft installed)
Pull scale reading: 6—11 N (0.6—1.1 kg, 1.3—2.4 lb)

Steering gear backlash

Turn the adjusting screw to adjust the steering gear backlash.

Note

Adjust the backlash with the steering gear in the center position. Otherwise, the backlash becomes excessively small, and gears may be damaged.

Backlash: 0mm

ENGINE SPEED SENSING POWER STEERING

PREPARATION SST

49 1232 670A Gauge set, power steering		49 1232 672 Gauge (Part of 49 1232 670A)		49 1232 673 Valve body (Part of 49 1232 670A)
49 H002 671 Adapter, power steering gauge	ALD ADD	49 B032 302 Adapter, power steering gauge		49 0118 850C Puller, ball joint
49 0223 695E Puller, pitman arm		49 0180 510B Attachment steering worm bearing preload measuring	00	49 W023 585A Adjust wrench

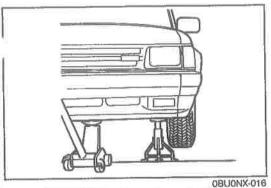
TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Steering "heavy"	Poor lubrication of or foreign material of steering ball joints Poor lubrication of or foreign material of upper or lower	Lubricate or replace	N- 7 Section R
*2	arm ball joints Stuck or damaged steering ball joints Stuck or damaged upper or lower arm ball joints Improperly adjusted steering gear preload Damaged steering gear Malfunctioning steering shaft joint Improperly adjusted wheel alignment Malfunctioning steering gear Incorrect tire pressure Loose or damaged drive belt Low fluid level or air in fluid Leakage of fluid Insufficient oil pump pressure Clogged pipe or hose	Replace Replace Adjust Replace Replace Adjust Repair or replace Adjust Adjust or replace Add fluid or bleed air Repair or replace Repair or replace Replace	N- 7 Section R N-28 N-24 N-10 Section R N-24 Section Q N-31 N-21 N-20 N-30, 31
Steering wheel effort is uneven	Malfunctioning steering gear Steering shaft contacting something Steering linkage does not operate smoothly Loose belt	Replace Repair or replace Repair or replace Adjust	N-24 N-10 N-24 N-29
Excessive steering wheel play	Improperly adjusted front wheel bearing preload Worn steering gear Worn or damaged steering shaft joints Loose steering gear box mounting bolts	Adjust Replace Replace Tighten	Section M N-24 N-10 N-24

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (Cont'd)

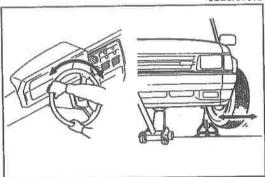
Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Steering wheel pulls to one side	Deformed steering linkage Incorrect tire pressures Unevenly worn tires Weakened front spring Worn or damaged stabilizer Dragging brake Deformed knuckle arm Improperly adjusted wheel alignment Improperly adjusted wheel bearing preload	Replace Adjust Replace Replace Replace Repair Replace Adjust Adjust	N-24 Section Q Section R Section R Section M Section R Section R
Poor steering wheel return	Incorrect tire pressures Stuck or damaged steering ball joints Stuck or damaged upper or lower arm ball joints Improperly adjusted front wheel alignment Improperly adjusted steering gear preload Steering shaft contacting something	Adjust Replace Replace Adjust Adjust Repair or replace	Section Q N- 7 Section R Section R N-28 N-10
General instability while driving	Deformed steering linkage Incorrect tire pressures Damaged or unbalanced wheel Worn or damaged steering shaft joints Improperly adjusted steering gear preload Weakened front spring Worn or damaged stabilizer Malfunctioning shock absorber Improperly adjusted wheel alignment Improperly adjusted wheel bearing preload	Replace Adjust Adjust or replace Replace Adjust Replace Replace Replace Replace Adjust Adjust Adjust	N-24 Section Q Section Q N-10 N-28 Section R Section R Section R Section R Section R
"Shimmy" occurs (Steering wheel vibrates left/right)	Deformed steering linkage Loose steering gear box mounting bolts Stuck or damaged steering ball joint Stuck or damaged upper or lower arm ball joint Excessive tire and wheel runout Loose lug nuts Unbalanced wheel Incorrect tire pressures Unevenly worn tires Malfunctioning shock absorber Loose shock absorber mounting bolts Cracked or worn suspension bushings Damaged or worn front wheel bearing Improperly adjusted front wheel alignment	Replace Tighten Replace Replace Replace Tighten Adjust or replace Adjust Replace Replace Tighten Replace Replace Adjust	N-24 N-24 N-7 Section R Section Q Section Q Section R Section R Section R Section R Section R Section R
Abnormal noise from steering system	Loose oil pump Loose steering gear box Loose oil pump bracket Loose oil pump pulley nut Belt loose/tight Air intake Malfunction inside steering gear Malfunctioning oil pump Obstruction near steering column Loose steering linkage Worn steering shaft joints	Tighten Tighten Tighten Tighten Adjust Bleed air Replace Replace Repair or replace Tighten or replace Replace	N-29, 30 N-24 N-29, 30 N-31 N-20 N-24 N-29, 30 N-24 N-10
Fluid leakage	Problem at hose coupling Damaged or clogged hose Damaged reserve tank Overflow Malfunctioning oil pump Malfunctioning steering gear box	Repair or replace Replace Replace Bleed air or adjust fluid level Replace Replace	N-20 Section R N-24

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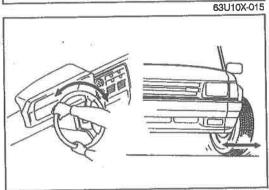


AIR BLEEDING

1. Jack up the front of the vehicle and support it with safety stands.



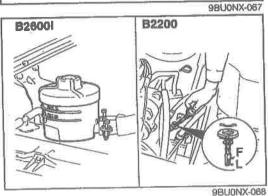
2. Check the fluid and add some if necessary. Turn the steering wheel fully left and right several times.



3. Recheck the fluid and add as required. Let the vehicle down.

 Start the engine and run it at idle speed. Turn the steering wheel again fully left and right several times. If a noise is heard in the oil line, air is still present.

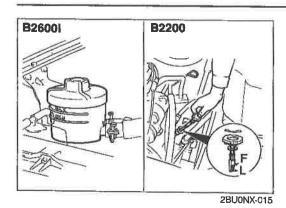
Put the wheels in the straight-ahead position, and turn off the engine. The fluid level in the pump should not increase; if it does, air is present. Repeat Step 4 if necessary.



6. Recheck the fluid level, and inspect for leaks.

Caution

If the air bleeding is incomplete, raise the oil temperature to about 50—80°C (122—176°F) (the oil temperature will rise when the steering wheel is turned right and left), stop the engine, and perform Step 4 for five to ten minutes. Air can be completely bled by repeating this operation.



POWER STEERING FLUID On-vehicle inspection Inspection of power steering fluid level

Check the power steering fluid level, and add fluid to the specified level if necessary.

Caution
Use only specified power steering fluid.

Fluid specification:
ATF M2C33F of Dexron®II

Inspection of fluid leakage

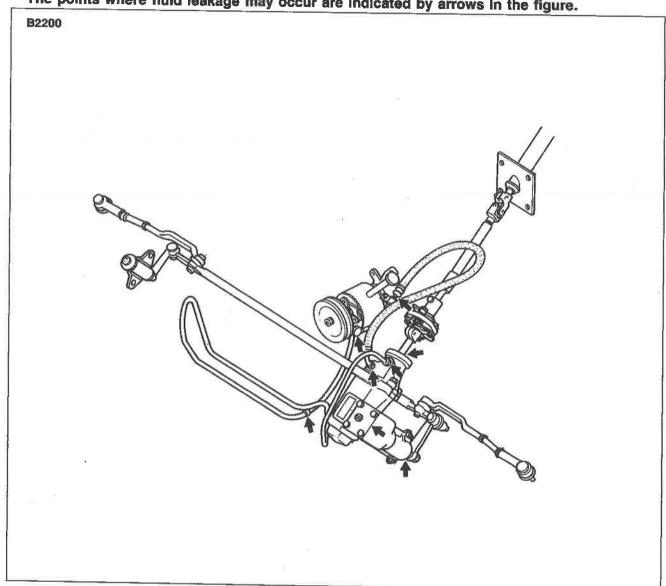
Start the engine. Turn the steering wheel fully left and right to apply fluid pressure; then check for fluid leakage.

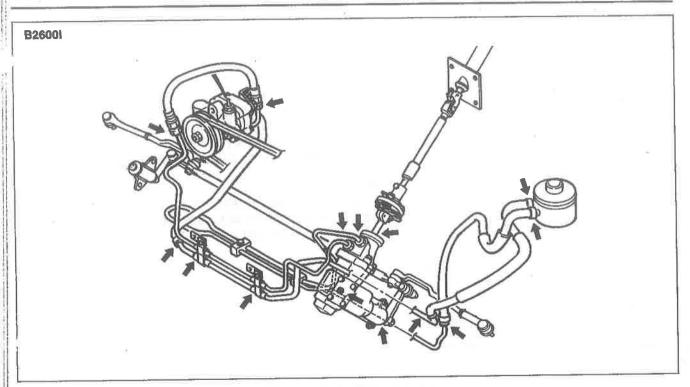
Caution

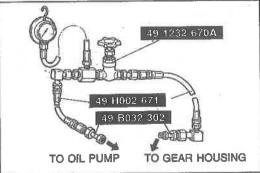
To prevent damage to the steering system, do not keep the steering wheel in the fully turned position for more than 15 seconds.

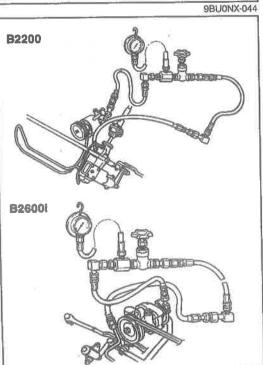
Note

The points where fluid leakage may occur are indicated by arrows in the figure.









OBUONX-018

Inspection of fluid pressure

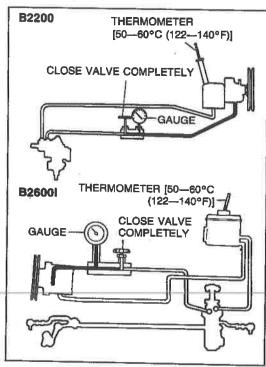
1. Assemble the SST as shown in the figure.

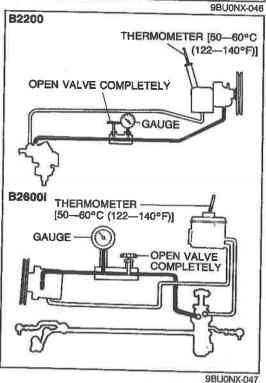
Tightening torque: 39-49 N·m (4.0-5.0 m-kg, 29-36 ft-lb)

2. Disconnect the high-pressure hose of the oil pump side, and attach the SST.

Note Before disconnecting the hose, mark the connections for proper reinstallation.

 Bleed the air from the system. (Refer to page N-20.)
 Open the gauge valve fully. Start the engine and turn the steering wheel fully left and right to raise the fluid temperature to 50—60°C (122—140°F).





 Close the gauge valve completely. Increase the engine speed to 1,000—1,500 rpm and measure the fluid pressure generated by the oil pump. If the pressure is below specification, replace the oil pump assembly.

Oil pump fluid pressure: (B2200) 8,584—9,320 kPa (87.5—95 kg/cm², 1,244—1,351 psi) (B2600i) 9,320—9,810 kPa (95—100 kg/cm², 1,351—1,422 psi)

Warning

If the valve is left closed for more than 15 seconds, the fluid temperature will increase excessively and adversely affect the oil pump.

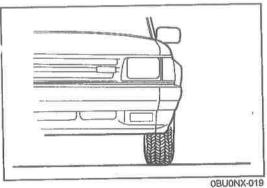
Open the gauge valve fully again and increase the engine speed to 1,000—1,500 rpm.

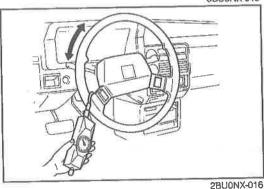
Turn the steering wheel fully to the left and right and measure the fluid pressure generated by the gear housing. If the pressure is below specification, replace the gear housing assembly.

Gear housing fluid pressure: (B2200) 8,584—9,320 kPa (87.5—95 kg/cm², 1,244—1,351 psi) (B2600i) 9,320—9,810 kPa (95—100 kg/cm², 1,351—1,422 psi)

Warning

If the steering wheel is kept in the fully turned position for more than 15 seconds, the fluid temperature will rise excessively and adversely affect the oil pump. でいいことにかけいかさいのでは安全の場合を表現できたからことが機能を表していた。 のでは、1000年の日本のでは





STEERING WHEEL AND COLUMN On-vehicle Inspection Steering wheel effort

1. With the vehicle on a hard level surface, move the steering wheel to put the wheels in the straight-ahead position. 2. Start the engine and warm the power steering fluid to

50-60°C (122-140°F).

3. Attach a pull scale to the outer circumference of the steering wheel. Then, starting with the wheels in the straightahead position, check the steering effort required to turn the steering wheel to the left and right.

Steering wheel effort: 40 N (4.1 kg, 9 lb) or less [during one turn of the steering wheel]

4. If the measured value exceeds specification, check the following: fluid level, air in system, fluid leakage at hose or connections, function of oil pump and steering gear box, and tire pressures.

STEERING GEAR AND LINKAGE Removal, Inspection, and Installation

1. Loosen the wheel lug nuts.

2. Jack up the front of the vehicle and support it with safety stands.

3. Remove the wheel.

4. Remove in the order shown in the figure, referring to Removal Note.

Install in the reverse order of removal.

6. Install the wheel.

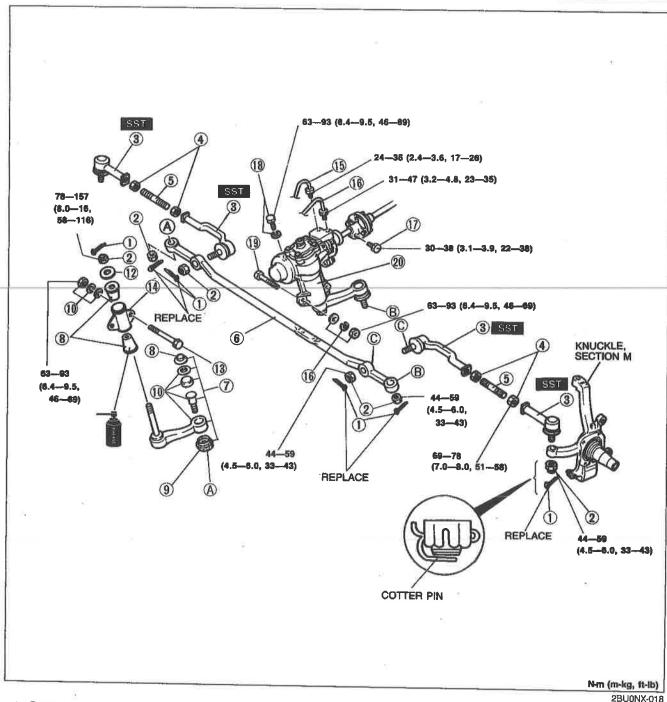
Tightening torque: Non-styled wheel 88-118 N-m (9-12 m-kg, 65-87 ft-lb) Styled wheel 118-147 N-m (12-15 m-kg, 87-108 ft-lb)

7. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.

a) The power steering fluid will leak out when the return pipe and/or the pressure pipe is discon-

nected. Prepare a suitable container for it to drain into.

b) After installation: (1) Bleed air from the power steering system (2) Check the power steering fluid level and add fluid if necessary. (3) Check the system for fluid leakage. (4) Check the turning angle and toe-in and adjust if necessary. (Refer to Section R.) 2BU0NX-017



- 1. Cotter pin
- 2. Nut
- 3. Bali joint

Check for damage or poor operation

- 4. Locknut
- 5. Tie rod
- 6. Center link

Check for damage or cracks

7. Idler arm assembly

Check for damage or poor operation

- 8. Idler cap
- 9. Ball joint dust seal
- 10. Idler arm

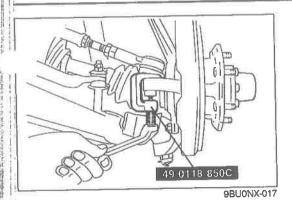
- 11. Washer
- 12. Rubber bushing

Check for wear or damage

- 13. Bolts, nuts, and washers
- 14. Idler arm bracket
- 15. Pressure pipe
- 16. Return pipe
- 17. Bolt
- 18. Bolt and washer
- 19. Bolts, washers, and nuts
- 20. Steering gear assembly

Disassembly, Inspection, and

Assembly...... page N-26



Removal note

Ball joint, pitman arm and idler arm

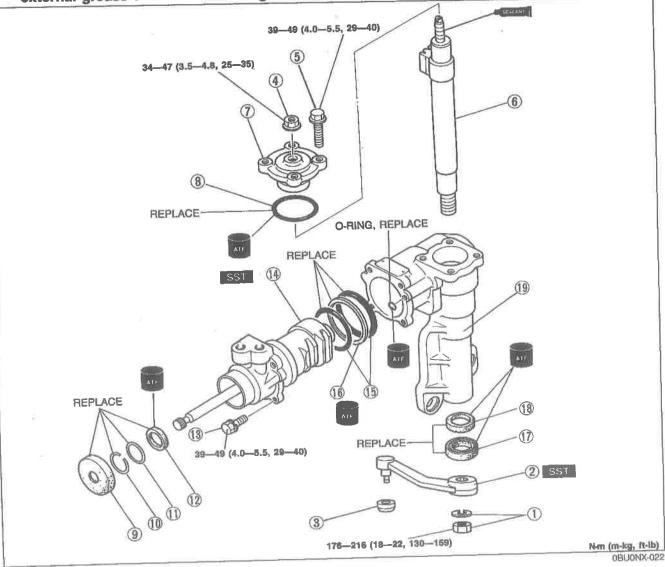
With the SST, separate the ball joint from the knuckle and from the center link (O-O), the pitman arm from the center link (B-B), and the idler arm from the center link (A-A).

Disassembly, Inspection, and Assembly

- 1. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure, referring to Disassembly Note.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.
- 3. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.

Caution

- a) In order to prevent the entrance of dirt, all disassembly and assembly should be done in a
- b) Before disassembly, plug the openings of all pipe installation fittings, and then remove all external grease and dirt from the gear and linkage.



1. Nut and washer 2. Pitman arm Disassembly Note below Check for damage or cracks 3. Dust boot Check for wear or damage 4. Locknut

Loosen; remove after removing sector shaft 5. Bolts 6. Sector shaft

Disassembly Note..... below Check for damage or deformation

7. Side cover

8. O-ring 9. Dust cover 10. Snap ring

11. Washer

12. Oil seal

13. Bolts

14. Valve and piston assembly Assembly Note..... below Check for cracks or deformation

15. O-ring

16. Piston seal ring

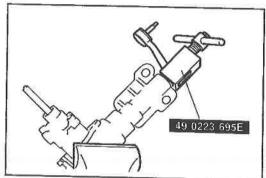
17. Dust cover

18. Oil seal

19. Gear housing

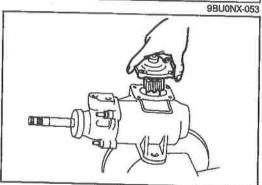
Check for cracks or deformation

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Disassembly note Pitman arm

Separate the pitman arm from the gear housing with the SST.



Sector shaft

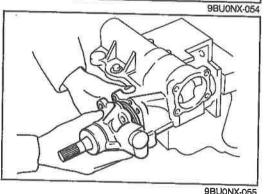
1. Loosen the locknut.

2. Remove the side cover attaching bolts.

3. Set the sector shaft in the center position.

4. Tap the lower portion of the sector shaft with a plastic hammer to loosen the shaft.

5. Lift the sector shaft out of the gear housing.



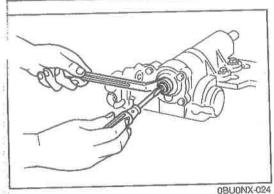
Assembly note

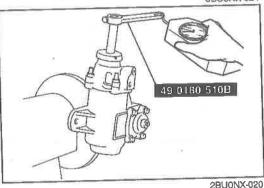
Valve and piston assembly

Insert the valve and piston assembly into the gear housing.

a) Do not scratch the piston seal ring and new O-ring against the housing.

b) Insert the piston while slightly turning it to the left and right to prevent damage of the new O-ring and the new seal ring.





Preload adjustment

1. Position the worm shaft in the center position.

2. Set the sector shaft adjusting screw so that the preload at that position is 5.9-8.8 N (0.6-0.9 kg, 1.3-2.0 lb).

a) Use the SST when measuring the preload.

b) The preload at the center position must be 2.0-3.9 N (0.2-0.4 kg, 0.4-0.9 lb) higher than the preload when the worm shaft is turned 360° to the left and rlaht.

3. If the specified preload is not obtained, once again disassemble the steering gearbox; check the gears for dirt and foreign material, and check the installation of the oil seal. After checking, reassemble the gearbox, and once again adjust the preload.

4. After making the setting, tighten the sector shaft adjusting

screw locknut to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 34—47 Nm (3.5—4.8 m-kg, 25—35 ft-lb)

OIL PUMP

Removal and Installation

Jack up the front of the vehicle and support it with safety stands.

2. Remove in the order shown in the figure, referring to Removal Note.

3. Install in the reverse order of removal, referring to Installation Note.

4. Inspect all parts and repair or replace as necessary.

a) The power steering fluid will leak out when the return hose and/or the pressure hose is disconnected. Prepare a suitable container for it to drain into.

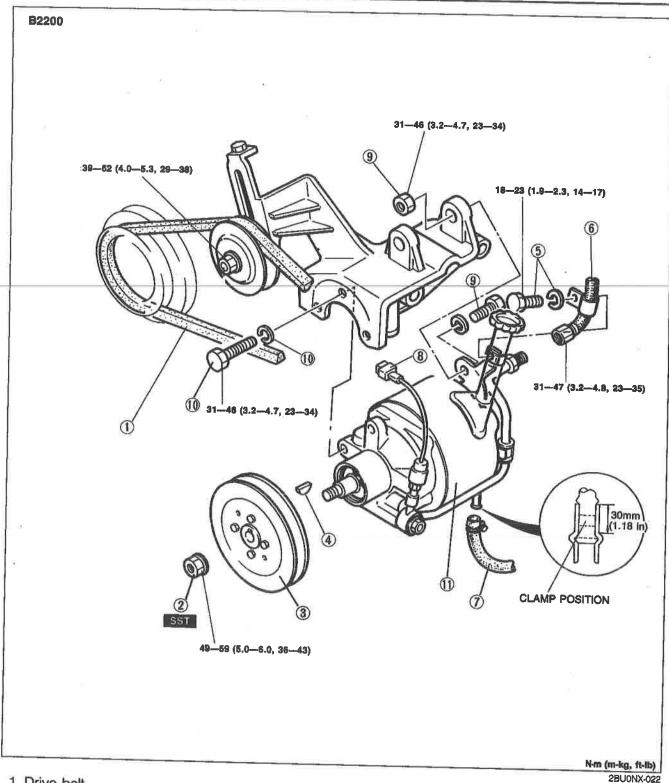
b) After installation:

(1) Check the oil pump drive belt (tension) and adjust it if necessary. (Refer to page N-29.)

(2) Bleed air from the power steering system.

(3) Check for fluid leakage.

2BU0NX-021



1. Drive belt Removal Note page N-31 Inspection and adjustment..... page N-35 Check for damage or wear 2. Locknut Removal Note..... page N-31

3. Oil pump pulley

4. Key

5. Bolt and washer

6. Pressure hose

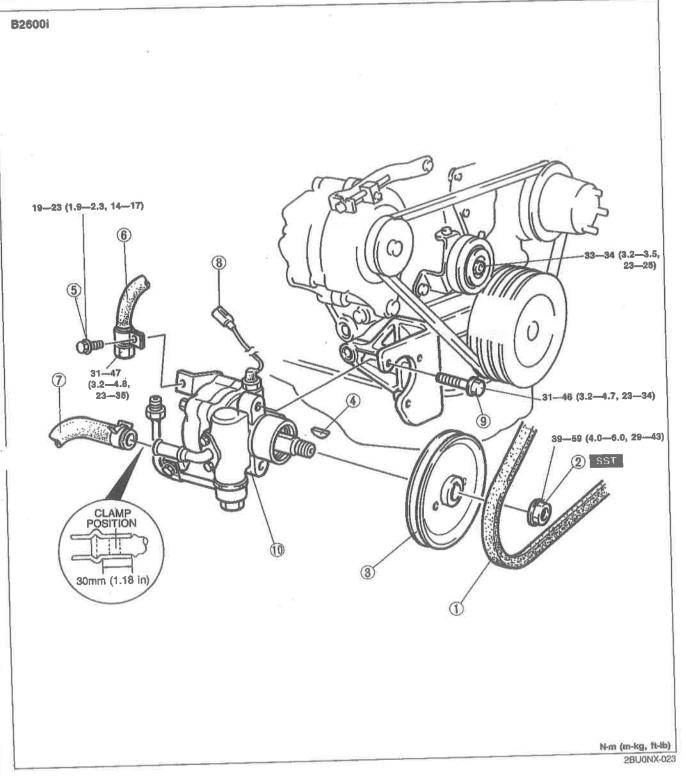
7. Return hose

8. Fluid pressure switch coupler (EGI model)

9. Bolt, washer, and nut

10. Bolts and washers

11. Oil pump assembly Check for damage or deformation Disassembly, Inspection, and Assembly page N-32



Removal Note page N-31

3. Oil pump pulley

4. Key 5. Bolt 6. Pressure hose

7. Return hose

8. Fluid pressure switch coupler

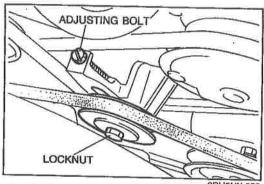
9. Bolts and washers

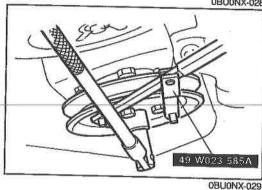
10. Oil pump assembly
Check for damage or deformation
Disassembly, Inspection,

Disassembly, Inspection, and Assembly...... page N-34

N

ENGINE SPEED SENSING POWER STEERING





Removal note Drive belt

Loosen the idler pulley locknut and turn the adjusting bolt to loosen the oil pump drive belt.

Locknut

Remove the oil pump pulley locknut while holding the pulley with the **SST**.

ENGINE SPEED SENSING POWER STEERING

Disassembly, Inspection, and Assembly (B2200)

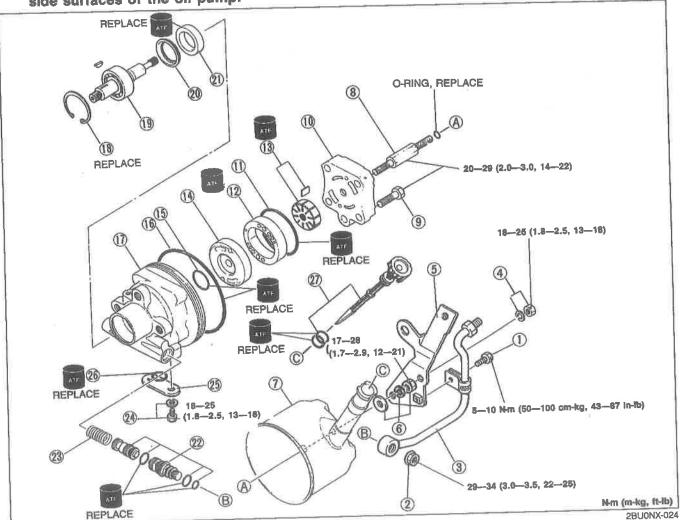
- 1. The following procedure is for replacement of O-ring and oil seal and bearing. Replace the pump assembly if other repairs are necessary.
- 2. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure.

3. Inspect all parts and replace as necessary.

4. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly, referring to Assembly Note.

a) To prevent the entry of dirt, disassemble and assemble in a clean area.

b) Before disassembly, plug the pipe installation hole; then remove all oil and dirt from the outside surfaces of the oil pump.



- 1. Bolt
- 2. Nut
- 3. Hose connector assembly
- 4. Nut and washer
- 5. Bracket
- 6. Nut and washer
- 7. Oil tank
- 8. Bolt
- 9. Bolts
- 10. Rear body Inspect for damage
- 11. O-ring
- 12. Cam ring

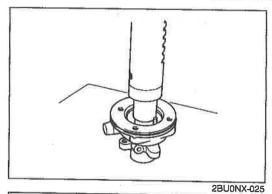
- 13. Rotor and vanes
 - Inspect friction surface for wear or damage Assembly Note
- 14. Pressure plate
- 15. O-ring
- 16. O-ring
- 17. Front body Inspect for damage
- 18. Snap ring
- 19. Bearing and drive shaft Inspect friction surface for wear

- 20. Retaining ring
- 21. Oil seal

Assembly Note

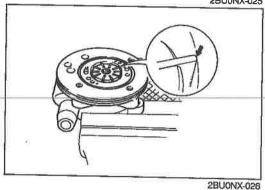
..... page N-33

- page N-33 22. Control valve and O-ring Inspect for damage
 - 23. Spring
 - 24. Bolts and washers
 - 25. Connector
 - 26. O-ring
 - 27. Level gauge and O-ring



Assembly note Oil seal

Use a press and piece of pipe [outer diameter 28mm (1.102 in), inner diameter 18mm (0.079 in)] to press in a new oil seal.



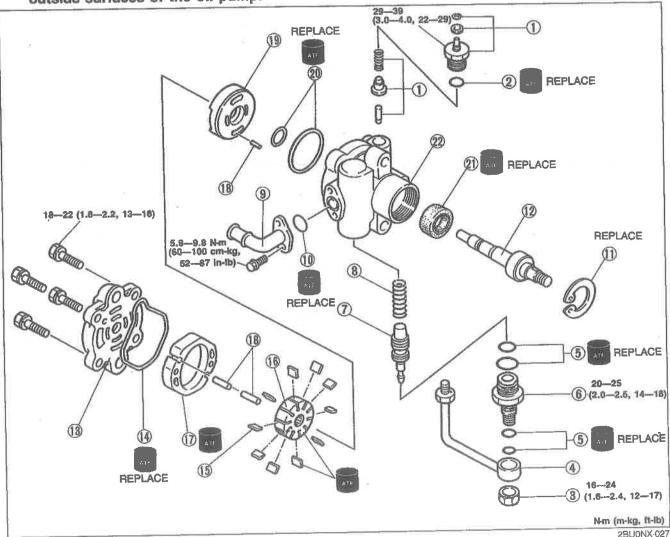
Vanes

As shown, attach the vanes to the rotor so that the rounded end contacts the cam.

Disassembly, Inspection, and Assembly (B2600i)

- 1. The following procedure is for replacement of O-ring and oil seal and bearing. Replace the pump assembly if other repairs are necessary.
- 2. Disassemble in the order shown in the figure.
- 3. Inspect all parts and replace as necessary.
- 4. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

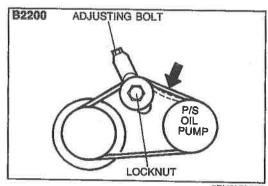
- a) In order to prevent the entry of dirt, disassemble and assemble in a clean area.
- b) Before disassembly, plug the pipe installation hole, and then remove all oil and dirt from the outside surfaces of the oil pump.

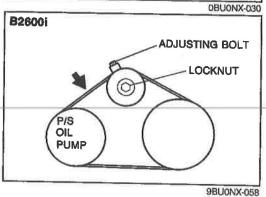


- 1. Pressure switch
- 2. O-ring
- 3. Nut
- 4. Connector
- 5. O-ring
- 6. Connector bolt
- 7. Control valve assembly Inspect for damage
- 8. Spring
 - Inspect for deterioration
- 9. Suction pipe
- 10. O-ring
- 11. Snap ring

- 12. Bearing and shaft assembly Inspect for wear or
 - damage
- 13. Rear body
 - Inspect for damage
- 14. Oil seal
- 15. Vanes
 - Inspect for wear or damage
- 16. Rotor
 - Inspect for wear or damage

- 17. Cam ring
 - Inspect for wear or damage
- 18. Pin
- 19. Front side plate
- 20. O-ring
- 21. Oil seal
- 22. Front body
 - Inspect for damage





DRIVE BELT Inspection and Adjustment Inspection

Check that the drive belt deflection (tension) is within specification.

Deflection

(Depressed with 98N [10 kg, 22 lb] force)

mm (in)

	New	Used
B2200	7.0—8.0 (0.28—0.31)	8.0-9.0 (0.31-0.35)
B2600i	6.6-7.2 (0.26-0.28)	7.2-8.0 (0.28-0.31)

Tension

N (kg, lb)

	New	Used
B2200	245—294 (25—30, 55—66)	196—245 (20—25, 44—55)
B2600i	412471 (4248, 92.4105.6)	353—402 (36—41, 79.2—90.2)

Note

Belt tension can be measured among any pulleys.

Adjustment

1. Loosen the idler pulley locknut.

2. Adjust the deflection (tension) by turning the adjusting bolt.

3. Tighten the locknut to the specified torque.

Tightening torque

B2200 : 39—52 Nm (4.0—5.3 m-kg, 29—38 ft-lb) B2600i: 33—34 Nm (3.2—3.5 m-kg, 23—25 ft-lb)

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